CEQA DRAINAGE STUDY



RANCHO CIELO ESTATES PARCEL 'VC' MARCH 2011

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO TM 5440 - EA LOG NO. 86-06-026B LOT 109, TM 4229-4, Map No.12764

Prepared For: Rancho Cielo Estates

Prepared By: Fuscoe Engineering, Inc.

Job Number: 02711-001-01



Preliminary Drainage Study

For

Rancho Cielo Parcel 'VC'

County of San Diego, CA

Prepared under the Responsible Charge of:

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EXP: 03-31-12

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Map Pocket: Existing 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit

Proposed 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit

REFERENCES

County Hydrology Manual (2003)

County of San Diego Standard Urban Stormwater Mitigation Plan (2011)

County of San Diego Drainage Design Manual (2005)

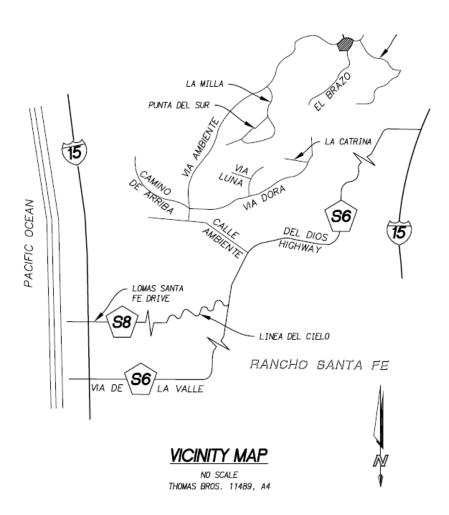
INTRODUCTION

PURPOSE

This Preliminary Drainage Study pertains to the proposed development of Rancho Cielo Parcel 'VC' to the west of the intersection of Via Ambiente and El Brazo. Its purpose is to present the design of the drainage facilities of the proposed project located in the County of San Diego, CA.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed development of Rancho Cielo Parcel 'VC' consists of a one-lot condominium project including eleven residential units. The lot will be designated for residential uses with a portion of the lot designated as open space. The project area is located along Via Ambiente in the community of Rancho Cielo, to the north of Rancho Santa Fe, CA. Refer to the following Vicinity Map.



The project site is 5.59 acres. The existing site is characterized by a hilltop surrounded by steep slopes. Via Ambiente forms the northerly boundary of the project and El Brazo forms

the easterly boundary. Low density residential development exists along a portion of the westerly and southerly project boundary, while the remainder of the adjacent area is undeveloped. The proposed project will construct a driveway on Via Ambiente west of the intersection with El Brazo. The residential units will be accessed via a private interior street on a cul-de-sac.

BASIN DESCRIPTION

Existing Conditions:

Due to the hilltop nature of the site, runoff from the project site splits into several drainage basins.

Basin 1 encompasses the majority of the southern portions of the site. This basin drains to a canyon onsite which drains to the south, conveying flows to the San Dieguito River.

Basin 2 consists of the easterly slope. Runoff from this basin is collected by an existing brow ditch leading to a Type 'F' inlet. This runoff is collected and piped through the existing 18" RCP storm drain and discharges east of El Brazo, a private street. These existing drainage facilities were constructed per TM 4229-2. The runoff then runs down a canyon east of El Brazo and eventually leads to the San Dieguito River. Refer to the Existing Hydrology Map included in the appendix.

Basin 3 is located along the northerly frontage of the project along Via Ambiente. Consisting of street drainage on Via Ambiente and runoff from the northerly slope, the basin leads to an existing catch basin near the intersection with El Brazo. The catch basin connects to an underground storm drain system which outlets to a canyon to the east of the intersection of Via Ambiente and El Brazo. This canyon flows southwest to a confluence with the San Dieguito River.

Please refer to the "Existing 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit" for a graphical depiction of these drainage patterns.

Proposed Conditions:

The proposed development will maintain the existing drainage patterns. The site will continue to be split among three drainage basins that all drain to San Dieguito River. Although the areas of the proposed drainage basins will not match the existing conditions exactly, there will be no diversion greater than one acre between basins.

The majority of the proposed development will occur in Basin 1, consisting of the new culde-sac and pads. Curb inlets near the project entrance will convey runoff to an extended detention/hydromodification Integrated Management Practice (IMP). The basin will discharge to the existing canyon within Basin 1.

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The rest of the development will continue to drain to the existing storm drain facilities that outlet southeast of the intersection of Via Ambiente and El Brazo, and eventually lead to the San Dieguito River.

Please refer to the "Proposed 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit" for a graphical depiction of these drainage patterns.

METHODOLOGY

RUNOFF CALCULATIONS

The design criteria, as found in the County of San Diego Department of Public Works Flood Control Division Hydrology Manual, specifies the design runoff conditions within the San Diego County Flood Control District will be based on the 100-year storm frequency, as follows:

- 1.) Design for areas over 1 square mile will be based on the 100-year frequency storm.
- 2.) For areas under 1 square mile
 - a. The storm drain system shall be designed so that the combination of storm drain system capacity and overflow both inside and outside the right of way will be able to carry the 100 year frequency storm without damaging adjacent existing buildings or potential building sites.
 - b. The storm drain system shall be designed so that the combination of storm drain system capacity and allowable street overflow will be able to carry the 50 year frequency storm without damaging adjacent property.
 - c. Where a storm drain is required under headings 1 or 2 above, then as a minimum, the drain shall be designed to carry the 10-year frequency storm.
- 3.) Sump areas are to be designed for a sump capacity or outfall of a 100-year frequency storm.

Runoff produced on the project site will be calculated for the 100-year storm event using the methodology outlined in the San Diego County Hydrology Manual. Runoff will be calculated using the Rational Method, which is given by the following equation:

Q = C x I x A

Where:

Q = Flow rate in cubic feet per second (cfs)

C = Runoff coefficient

I = Rainfall Intensity in inches per hour (in/hr)

A = Drainage basin area in acres, (ac)

Soil Type – Hydrologic soil group D was assumed for all areas as this is the prevalent soil group near the project site as can be seen in the Soil Hydrologic Groups map

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provided in the appendix. Group D soils have very slow infiltration rates when thoroughly wetted. Consisting chiefly of clay soils with a high swelling potential, soils with a high permanent water table, soils with clay pan or clay layer at or near the surface, and shallow soils over nearly impervious materials, Group D soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Runoff Coefficient – In accordance with the County of San Diego standards, pervious areas were assigned a runoff coefficient of C=0.35, based on the type D soils. Where a sub-basin consists of a mixture of pervious and impervious surfaces, a weighted runoff coefficient was calculated using the following equation, based on Section 3.1.2 of the manual:

$$C = 0.90 \times (\% \text{ Impervious}) + 0.35 \times (1 - \% \text{ Impervious})$$

A summary of the runoff coefficient calculations are contained in the following table.

Rainfall intensity was calculated using the following equation, which is given in the Manual:

$$I = 7.44 \times P_6 \times (Tc^{-0.645})$$

Where:

I = Rainfall Intensity in inches per hour (in/hr)

 P_6 = Rainfall in inches for the 6-hour storm event

Tc = Time of concentration in minutes

Time of concentration was calculated for overland flow areas (sheet drainage) using the equation developed by the Federal Aviation Administration, which is given as:

$$Tc = [1.8 \times (1.1 - C) \times (L^{1/2})] / (S^{1/3})$$

Where:

Tc = Time of concentration in minutes

C = Runoff coefficient

L = Length of travel of runoff in feet

S = Slope in percent

The minimum time of concentration used for runoff calculations was based on Table 3-2 of the Manual. Relevant excerpts from the Manual are given in the appendix.

Time of travel in the drain and drainage channels was calculated using the Manning equation. For HDPE storm drains, a Manning "n" value of 0.012 was selected, while for RCP storm drains a Manning "n" value of 0.013 was used. For brow ditches, a Manning "n" of 0.015 was used.

To perform a node-link study, the total watershed area is divided into sub-areas which discharge at designated nodes.

The procedure for the sub-area summation model is as follows:

- (1) Subdivide the watershed into an initial sub-area (generally 1 lot) and subsequent sub-areas, which are generally less than 10 acres in size. Assign upstream and downstream node numbers to each sub-area.
- (2) Estimate an initial T_c by using the appropriate nomograph or overland flow velocity estimation.
- (3) Using the initial T_c , determine the corresponding values of I. Then Q = CIA.
- (4) Using Q, estimate the travel time between this node and the next by Manning's equation as applied to particular channel or conduit linking the two nodes. Then, repeat the calculation for Q based on the revised intensity (which is a function of the revised time of concentration)

The nodes are joined together by links, which may be street gutter flows, drainage swales, drainage ditches, pipe flow, or various channel flows. The AES-2004a computer sub-area menu is as follows:

SUBAREA HYDROLOGIC PROCESS

- 1. Confluence analysis at node.
- 2. Initial sub-area analysis (including time of concentration calculation).
- 3. Pipe flow travel time (computer estimated).
- 4. Pipe flow travel time (user specified).
- 5. Trapezoidal channel travel time.
- 6. Street flow analysis through sub-area.
- 7. User-specified information at node.
- 8. Addition of sub-area runoff to main line.
- 9. V-gutter flow through area.
- 10. Copy main stream data to memory bank
- 11. Confluence main stream data with a memory bank
- 12. Clear a memory bank

At the confluence point of two or more basins, the following procedure is used to combine peak flow rates to account for differences in the basin's times of concentration. This adjustment is based on the assumption that each basin's hydrographs are triangular in shape.

(1). If the collection streams have the same times of concentration, then the Q values are directly summed,

$$Q_p = Q_a + Q_b$$
; $T_p = T_a = T_b$

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- (2). If the collection streams have different times of concentration, the smaller of the tributary Q values may be adjusted as follows:
- (i). The most frequent case is where the collection stream with the longer time of concentration has the larger Q. The smaller Q value is adjusted by a ratio of rainfall intensities.

$$Q_p = Q_b + Q_a (I_b/I_a); T_p = T_a$$

(ii). In some cases, the collection stream with the shorter time of concentration has the larger Q. Then the smaller Q is adjusted by a ratio of the T values.

$$Q_p = Q_b + Q_\alpha (T_b/T_\alpha); T_p = T_b$$

DETENTION BASIN SIZING

To mitigate for the increased peak flows due to the development, a detention basin is proposed. The required volumes of the detention basin was determined as follows:

- 1) The inflow hydrograph for the peak discharge of the 100-year 6-hour storm event was calculated using the Rational Method Hydrograph program developed by Rick Engineering.
- 2) The maximum outflow from the detention basin was determined based on the allowable downstream peak discharge.
- Determine Stage/Storage/Discharge table based on basin geometry and proposed outlet structure.
- 4) The outflow hydrograph was developed through the use of the Hydraulic Elements II Retarding Basin Routing version 10.0 developed by AES.

Calculations and results of the detention basin sizing can be found in Appendix 3.

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET DESIGN

The detention basin outlet consists of round orifice openings in the side of a grated catch basin. The size and elevation of the orifice openings and the elevation of the grate inlet have been designed such that the 100-year water surface elevation will not reach the grate inlet, and the orifice openings will release runoff at rates at or below the existing condition peak flows. The grate inlets will serve as emergency overflows in the event of the clogging of one or more of the orifice openings. To determine the rate of release for various depths within the detention basin, orifice calculations were performed. Flow discharged through an orifice was calculated using the orifice equation, given as:

$$Qo = Co x Ao x (2 x g x Ho)^{1/2}$$

Where:

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Qo = Flow rate through the orifice in cfs

Co = Coefficient accounting for entrance loss to the orifice (0.6 assumed)

Ao = Area of the orifice in square feet

g = Gravitational acceleration equal to 32.2 feet per second per second

Ho = Head acting on the orifice in feet

Results of these calculations can be found in the appendix.

CALCULATIONS/RESULTS

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Calculations were performed on the existing drainage patterns on the project site to determine the current discharge during a storm event. These calculations were performed based on the 100-year 6 hour storm event. The following table summarizes the peak discharge for each storm event at the basin discharge points. Please refer to the Existing 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit, and the hydrology calculations can be found in Appendix 2.

Basin	Area (ac)	100-Ye	ar Storm
		Q (cfs)	T _c (min)
1	3.7	9	6.5
2	1.1	3	5.9
3	1.0	4	4.6

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

To analyze the effects of the proposed development on the downstream channels and storm drain system, an analysis of the proposed storm drain system was performed. These calculations were also performed based on the 100-year 6 hour storm event. The following table lists the peak discharge for each storm event at the basin discharge points. As can be seen in the table, the peak discharge in Basin 1 will increase due to development, while the peak discharge from Basins 2 and 3 will decrease or stay the same. Please refer to the Proposed 100-Year Hydrology Exhibit, and the hydrology calculations can be found in Appendix 2.

Basin	Area (ac)	100-Ye	ar Storm
		Q (cfs)	T _c (min)
1	4.5	11	9.0
2	0.4	1	5.7
3	0.9	4	4.7

The increased discharge from the project site in Basins 1 is due primarily to the increased amount of impervious area. To mitigate this effect, a peak detention basin will be constructed. As described previously, this will be a multi-function basin which will also provide storm water treatment as extended detention basin and hydromodification flow control. Please refer to the Preliminary Hydromodification Management Study and Storm Water Management Plan for further discussion of these aspects of the IMP. The detention basin has been designated as IMP 1.1. The detention basin has been sized to limit the

peak discharge from Basins 1 to pre-development levels for the 100-year storm. The design and functioning of the detention basin will be discussed further in the following section. The following table lists the peak discharges from Basin 1 after accounting for the detentions basin, which is a slight decrease from existing conditions.

Basin	Area (ac)	100-Ye	ar Storm
		Q (cfs)	T _c (min)
1	4.5	4	9.0

DETENTION BASIN

To mitigate the increased discharge in Basin 1, a detention basin will be provided (IMP 1.1). IMP 1.1 will collect and detain runoff from Basin 1, and outlet to the canyon to the south. In order to prevent erosion of this hillside, rip rap will be provided at the outlet. The detention basin has been sized so that the existing 100-year peak flow rate will be matched at discharge points of the basins. Thus, the proposed development will not increase the 100-year discharge to adjacent properties.

Post-developed flow at the discharge point of Basin 1, with no detention, has been calculated to be 11 cfs, an increase of 2 cfs over existing conditions. To mitigate this increase, discharge from IMP 1.1 will be limited to a maximum of 0.05 cfs, a decrease of 7.45 cfs. When accounting for detention, the peak flow from Basin 1 will therefore be 3.95 cfs, which is lower than the existing condition.

To provide this level of mitigation, IMP 1.1 has been designed as a 0.72 ac-ft detention basin. The detention basin has 2:1 side slopes and will accept flow from the storm drain system to the northeast. The bottom of the basin is at an elevation of 1150. The basin will discharge through a series of orifice openings, which have been sized for the multi-function nature of the basin. A 1" diameter orifice will be provided at the bottom of the pond and an 8" diameter orifice will be provided at a depth of 5.0'. During the 100-year storm event, the basin will fill to a depth of approximately 3.4 feet. At this depth, the outflow from the basin through the outlet structure will be 0.05 cfs. If the outlet orifices become clogged, an emergency overflow will be provided in the form of a grated catch basin, with a grate elevation of 1057. The emergency overflow will be designed to pass the undetained 100-year peak flow of 7.5 cfs.

Refer to Appendix 3 for detailed detention basin calculations and schematic details of the outlet structures.

CONCLUSION

The storm drain system for Rancho Cielo Parcel 'VC' has been designed for the 100-year storm event. Due to the impervious areas included in the proposed residential development, discharges from Basin 1 will increase from the existing condition to the proposed condition. A peak detention basin has been provided in this basin to limit the peak discharge to the existing peak discharge before exiting the project site. The

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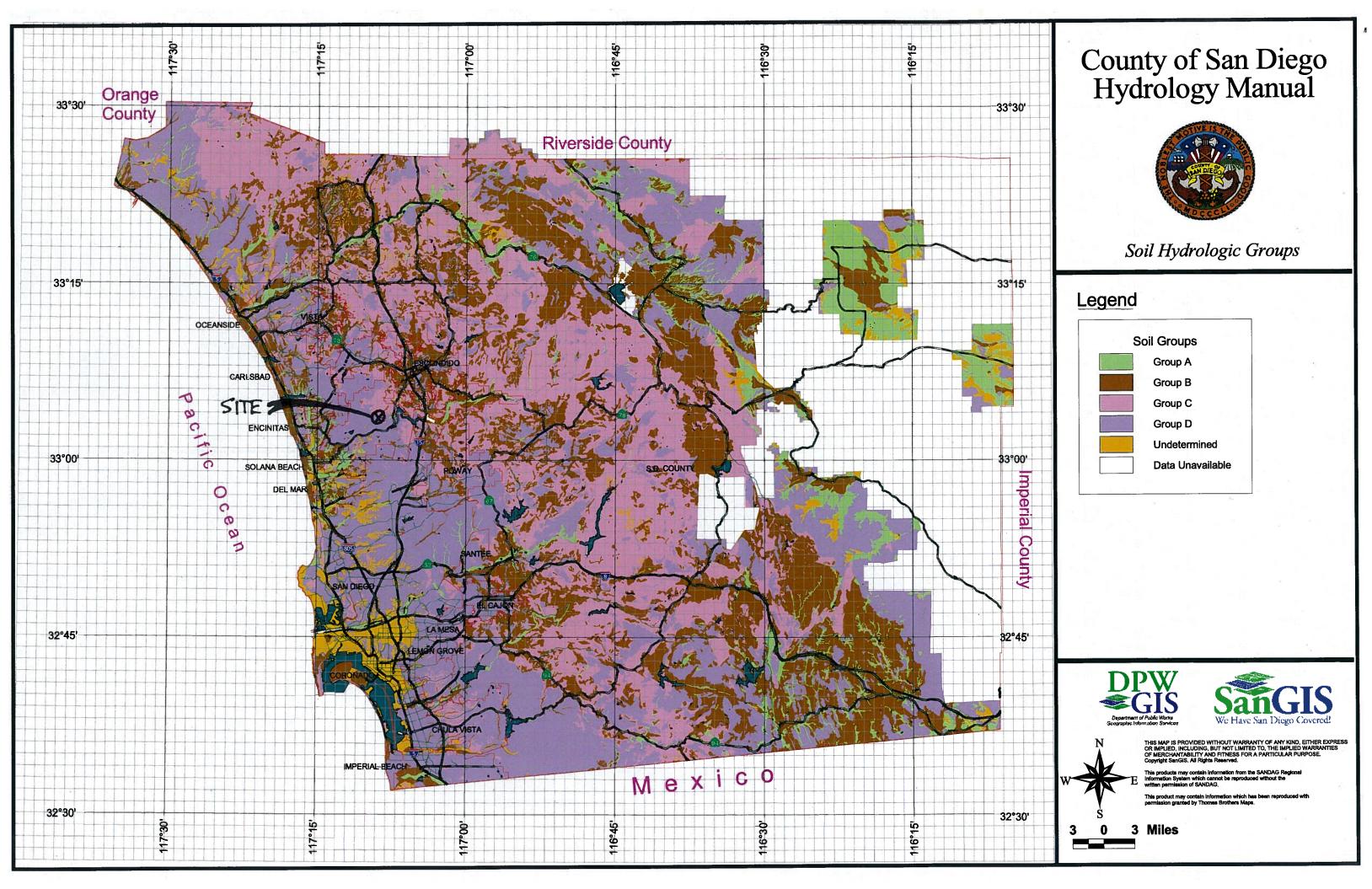
following table summarizes the existing and proposed 100-year peak runoff for the drainage basins within the project site.

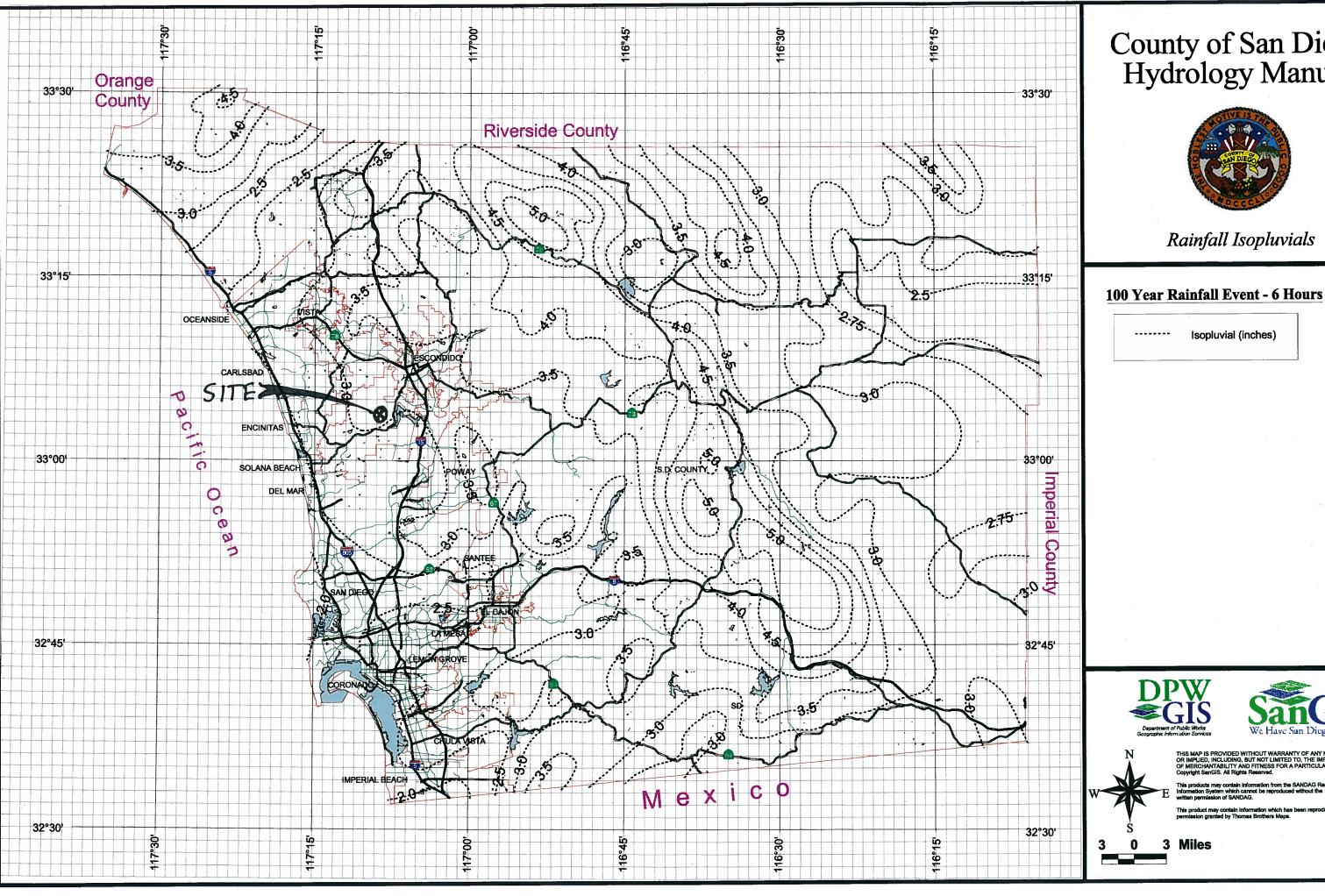
Basin	Existing Q(100)	Proposed Q (100)		
DUSIII	(cfs)	(cfs)		
1	9	4		
2	3	1		
3	4	4		

For discussions of the hydromodification and storm water quality aspects of the project, please refer to the Preliminary Hydromodification Management Study and the Storm Water Management Plan, respectively.

APPENDIX 1

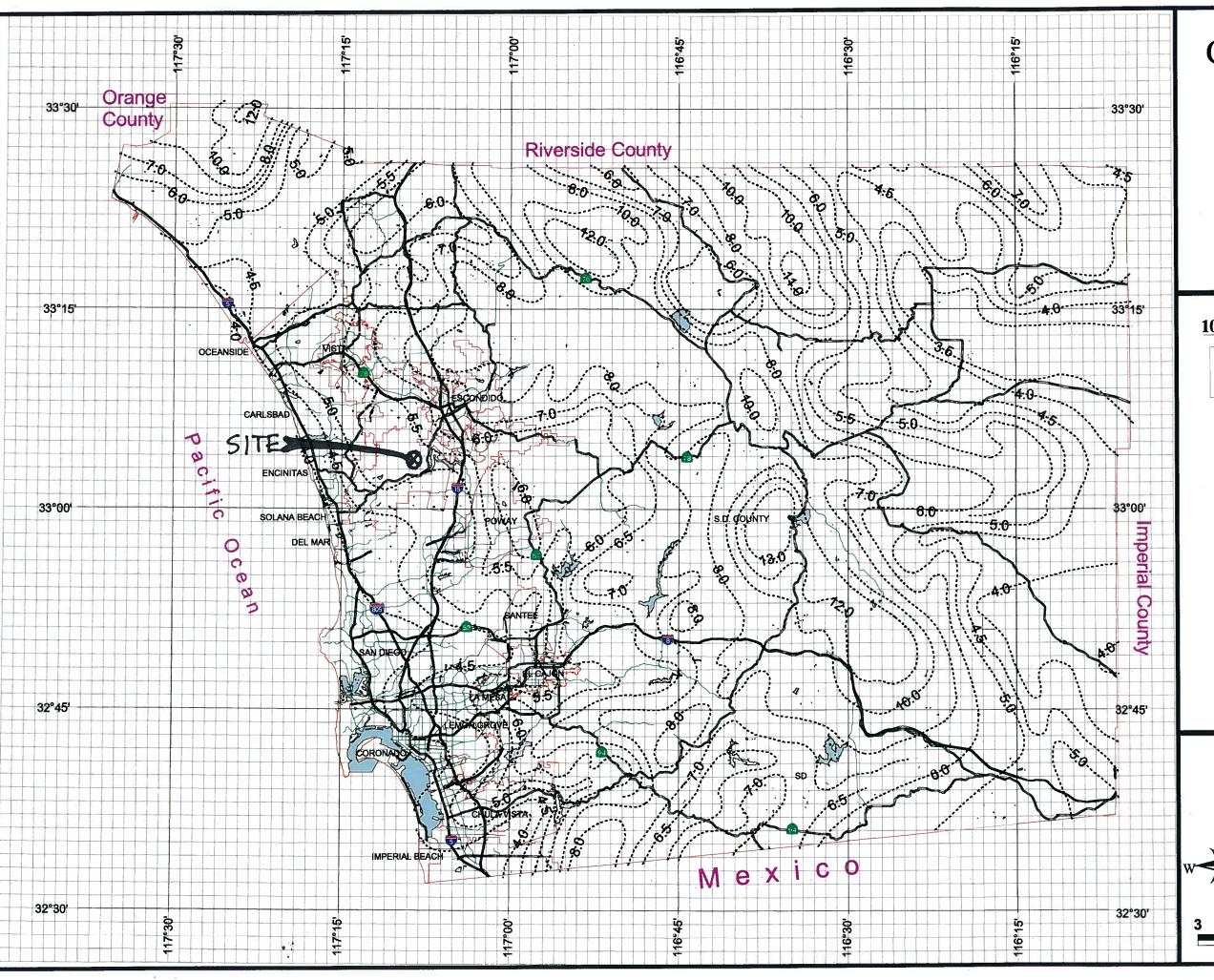
Excerpts from County Hydrology Manual





County of San Diego Hydrology Manual





County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Rainfall Isopluvials

100 Year Rainfall Event - 24 Hours

Isopluvial (inches)











(1) From precipitation maps determine 6 hr and 24 hr amounts for the selected frequency. These maps are included in the County Hydrology Manual (10, 50, and 100 yr maps included



7.44 P6 D-0.645 = Intensity (in/hr) EQUATION

P6 = 6-Hour Previews D = Duration (min)

3.0

4.0

2.0

6-Hour Precipitation (in)

the range of 45% to 65% of the 24 hr precipitation (not applicable to Desert). (3) Plot 6 hr precipitation on the right side of the chart.

(2) Adjust 6 hr precipitation (if necessary) so that it is within

in the Design and Procedure Manual).

(4) Draw a line through the point parallel to the plotted lines.

(5) This line is the intensity-duration curve for the location being analyzed.

Application Form:

(a) Selected frequency 100 year

P₆ in., $P_{24} =$ **6.3** 3.1 = 9 (a)

%(2)

(c) Adjusted $P_6^{(2)} = 31$

6-Hour Precipitation (inches) 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5

1.0

Intensity (inches/hour)

0.8 0.7 0.6

0.5

0.4

0.3

(d) t_x =

in./hr. = | (a)

3.5

3.0 2.5 2.0

1.5

1.0

Note: This chart replaces the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves used since 1965.

P6	-	1.5	7	2.5	ო	3.5	4	4.5	S	5.5	9
Duration	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
2	2.63	0		6.59	7.90	9.22	10.54	11.86	13.17	14.49	15.81
7	2.12	3.18	4.24	5.30	6.36	7.42	8 48	9.54	10.60	11.66	12.72
10	1.68	·ιΩ		4.21	5.05	5.90	6.74	7.58	8.42	9.27	10.11
15	1.30	1.95	2.59	3.24	3.89	4.54	5.19	5.84	6.49	7.13	7.78
20	1.08	1.62	2.15	2.69	3.23	3.77	4.31	4.85	5.39	5.93	6.46
25	0.93	1.40	1.87	2.33	2.80	3.27	3.73	.4.20	4.67		5.60
30	0.83	1.24	1.66	2.07	2.49	2.90	3.32	3.73	4.15	4.56	4.98
40	69.0	1.03	1.38	1.72	2.07	2.41	2.76		3.45	3.79	#
20	09.0	0.90	1.19	1.49	1.79	2.09	2.39	2.69	2.98	3.28	3.58
09	0.53	0.80	1.06	1.33	1.59	1.86	2.12	2.39	2.65		3.18
06	0.41	0.61	0.82	1.02	1.23	1.43	1.63	84	2.04	2.25	24
120	0.34	0.51	0.68	0.85	1.02	1.19	1.36	1.53	1,70	1.87	2.0:1
150	0.29	0.44	0.59	0.73	0.88	1.03	1.18	1.32	1.47	1.62	1.76
180	0.25	0.39	0.52	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.04	1.18	1.31	1.44	1.5
240	0.25	0.33	0.43	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.87	0.98	1.08	1.19	1.30
300	0.19	0.28	0.38	0.47	0.56	99.0	0.75	0.85	0.94	1.03	Ξ
360	0.17	0.25	0.33	0.12	0.50	0.58	0.67	0.75	0.8.1	0.92	1.00

Intensity-Duration Design Chart - Template

Hours

Duration 20

40

Minutes

5

9 10 ω

9 S

0.2

APPENDIX 2

Hydrology Calculations

100-Year Storm

Existing Conditions



Job Name: Cielo Date: Mar 2011

E-VC100.DAT Run Name: E-VC200.DAT

E-VC300.DAT

Page: 1

6390 Greenwich Drive, Suite 170 San Diego, California 92122 tel 858.554.1500 o fax 858.597.0335 www.fuscoe.com Job #:

2711.01a

Node t	o Node	Code		Elev 2	Length	C	Area (***	Comments
310	305	2	(feet) 1161.00	(feet) 1160.00	(feet) 55	Factor 0.63	(ac.) 0.05	
305	303	6	1160.00	1126.00	630	0.50	0.03	
305	<u>ა</u>	0	1100.00	1120.00	030	0.50	0.99	
000	01.5		1100.00	11/0.00		0.25	0.05	
220	215	2	1188.00	1169.00	55	0.35	0.05	
215	2	5	1169.00	1122.00	350	0.05	0 / /	
215	2	8				0.35	0.64	1 (0
2	2	1						1 of 2
010	005	_	1100.00	117/00	7.5	0.05	0.07	
210	205	2	1188.00	1176.00	75	0.35	0.07	
205	2	5	1176.00	1122.00	300			
205	2	8				0.35	0.34	
2	2	1						2 of 2
25	20	2	1188.00	1176.00	60	0.35	0.06	
20	15	5	1176.00	1166.00	300			
20	15	8				0.35	0.33	
15	1	5	1166.00	1026.00	320			
1	1	1						1 of 2
10	5	2	1188.00	1173.00	65	0.35	0.07	
5	1	5	1173.00	1026.00	400			
5	1	8				0.35	3.24	
1	1	1						2 of 2
		1						
		1						
		1						
		+						
		+						

E-VC100.TXT

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2007 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
Ver. 3.0 Release Date: 06/01/2007 License ID 1355

Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
******************** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ***************
* CIELO - AREA V/C
 EXISTING HYDROLOGY
*******************
 FILE NAME: E-VC100.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:11 02/23/2011
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
______
 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) =
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
                    STREET-CROSSFALL:
                                     CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
    HALF- CROWN TO
    WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT)
                                                      HIKE FACTOR
NO.
                                            (FT) (FT) (FT)
                                                             (n)
                                    =====
    =====
          =======
                                           ===== ====== =======
     18.0
              1.0
                    0.020/0.020/0.020
                                     0.50
                                            1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150
 1
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET
      as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 25.00 TO NODE 20.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
______
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                    60.00
```

Page 1

```
E-VC100.TXT
                          1188.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                            1176.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                            12.00
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                    4.854
 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.17
                      0.06
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                            TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 52
 >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL VALLEY CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1176.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1166.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 300.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0333
 NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.17
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 2.74 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.83 TC(MIN.) = 6.68 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 25.00 TO NODE
                                           15.00 =
                                                    360.00 FEET.
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
_____
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.776
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.33 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.78
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.92
 TC(MIN.) =
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE 1.00 IS CODE = 52
 >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL VALLEY CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA<
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1166.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1026.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FÉET) = 320.00 CHANNEL SLOPÉ = 0.4375
 NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 NOTE: CHANNEL SLOPE OF .1 WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.92
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 4.74 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.12 TC(MIN.) = 7.80
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 25.00 TO NODE
                                            1.00 =
                                                     680.00 FEET.
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
```

```
E-VC100.TXT
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.80
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                            6.13
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
                          0.39
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                  0.92
*************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 5.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
______
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                 65.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1188.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1173.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                           15.00
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 5.052
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.113
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20
                      0.07
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                           TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                0.20
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5.00 TO NODE 1.00 IS CODE = 52
     ______
 >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL VALLEY CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1173.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1026.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 400.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.3675
 NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 NOTE: CHANNEL SLOPE OF .1 WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) =
                                0.20
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 4.74 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.41 TC(MIN.) = 6.46
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 1.00 = 465.00 FEE
                                                   465.00 FEET.
****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5.00 TO NODE 1.00 IS CODE = 81
 ______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
_______
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.925
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.24 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.85
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.3 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.02
 TC(MIN.) =
             6.46
*******************
```

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.00 IS CODE = 1

E-VC100.TXT >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES

7777AND COM OTE VARIOUS CONTENENCED STREAM VALUES	
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.46 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.93 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.31 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.02	
** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 1 0.92 7.80 6.129 0.39 2 8.02 6.46 6.925 3.31	
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.	
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 1 8.79 6.46 6.925 2 8.03 7.80 6.129	
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.79 Tc(MIN.) = 6.46 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.7 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 25.00 TO NODE 1.00 =	680.00 FEET.
END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.7 TC(MIN.) = 6.46 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.79	
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS	:=========
LID OF THE TOTAL PIETINGS AND LIDES	

E-VC200.TXT

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
******************** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ***************
* CIELO - AREA V/C
 EXISTING HYDROLOGY
 *******************
 FILE NAME: E-VC200.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:12 02/23/2011
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
______
 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) =
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
                    STREET-CROSSFALL:
                                      CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
    HALF- CROWN TO
    WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT)
                                                      HIKE FACTOR
NO.
                                            (FT) (FT) (FT)
                                                             (n)
                                    =====
    =====
          =======
                                           ===== ====== =======
     18.0
              1.0
                    0.020/0.020/0.020
                                     0.50
                                            1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150
 1
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET
      as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 220.00 TO NODE 215.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
______
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                    55.00
```

Page 1

```
E-VC200.TXT
                          1188.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                            1169.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                            19.00
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                    4.647
 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION! 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.14
                      0.05
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                            TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 215.00 TO NODE 2.00 IS CODE = 52
 >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL VALLEY CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1169.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1122.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 350.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1343
 NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 NOTE: CHANNEL SLOPE OF .1 WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.14
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 4.74 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.23 TC(MIN.) = 5.88
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 220.00 TO NODE 2.00 = 405.00 FEE
                                                    405.00 FEET.
************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 215.00 TO NODE 2.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
_____
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.359
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.64 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.65
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.7 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.78
 TC(MIN.) =
***********************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.00 IS CODE = 1
 _____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED TON TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.88

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.36
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.69
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
______
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
```

Page 2

```
E-VC200.TXT
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
                                   75.00
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1188.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1176.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                             12.00
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                     5.427
 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TO CALCULATION!
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.747
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                       0.19
                       0.07
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                             TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                  0.19
*************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 205.00 TO NODE 2.00 IS CODE = 52
 -----
                      ------
 >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL VALLEY CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA<
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1176.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1122.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FÉET) = 300.00 CHANNEL SLOPÉ = 0.1800
 NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 NOTE: CHANNEL SLOPE OF .1 WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.19
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 4.74 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.05 TC(MIN.) = 6.48
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 2.00 = 375.00 FEE
                                                      375.00 FEET.
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 205.00 TO NODE 2.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
                                      _____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.909
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.34
                             SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.82
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                       0.4
                            TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                 0.99
 TC(MIN.) =
******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.48
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                             6.91
                           0.41
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                     0.99
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
 STREAM
           RUNOFF
                             INTENSITY
                      TC
                                          AREA
                                         (ACRE)
 NUMBER
            (CFS)
                    (MIN.)
                            (INCH/HOUR)
                             7.359
            1.78
                    5.88
                                           0.69
     1
     2
            0.99
                              6.909
                    6.48
                                            0.41
```

E-VC200.TXT

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR $2\ \text{STREAMS}.$

** PEAK	FLOW RATE TA	ABLE **				
STREAM	RUNOFF	Tc	INTE	NSITY		
NUMBER	(CFS)	(MIN.)	(INCH	/HOUR)		
1	2.68	5.88	7.	359		
2	2.66	6.48	6.	909		
COMPUTE	D CONFLUENCE	ESTIMATE	S ARE A	S FOLLOWS:		
PEAK FL	OW RATE(CFS)	=	2.68	Tc(MIN.) =	5.88	
TOTAL A	REA(ACRÈS) =		.1	•		
	FLOWPATH FRO	OM NODE	220.0	0 TO NODE	2.00 =	405.00 FEET.
=======	=========	=======	======	=========	========	
END OF	STUDY SUMMAR	/ :				
TOTAL A		=	1.1	TC(MIN.) =	5.88	
PEAK FL	OW RATE(CFS)	=	2.68			
=======	===========					

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

```
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```

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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
* EXISTING HYDROLOGY
* CIELO - AREA V/C
 ****************
 FILE NAME: E-VC300.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:53 03/01/2011
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) =
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
    HALF- CROWN TO
                    STREET-CROSSFALL:
                                      CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
    WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
                     SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT)
NO.
    (FT)
           (FT)
                                             (FT) (FT) (FT) (n)
    =====
                         ========
                                      0.020/0.020/0.020
                                      0.50
                                             1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150
 1
     18.0
              1.0
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET
      as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                     55.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1161.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1160.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                1.00
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
                                  Page 1
```

```
E-VC300.TXT
  NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.37
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.05 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                                   0.37
****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 300.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1160.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1126.00
  STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 630.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
  STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00
  DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 1.00
  INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
  OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
  SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
  STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
  Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
    **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
    STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
    STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26
    HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 6.62
  AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.30
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.11
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.44 Tc(MIN.) = 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
                                                                 4.63
  NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5000
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.519
  SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.99 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)
                                                                     4.04
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                 1.0
                                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
  END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
  DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.86
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.89 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.48
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 300.00 = 685.00 FEET.
```

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.0 TC(MIN.) = 4.63

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.41

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

100-Year Storm Proposed Conditions



Job Name: Cielo VC

2711.01a

Job #:

Date:

P-VC100.DAT

Feb 2011

Run Name: P-VC200.DAT

P-VC300.DAT

Page: 1

6390 Greenwich Drive, Suite 170
San Diego, California 92122
tel 858.554.1500 o fax 858.597.0335
www.fuscoe.com

Node to	o Node	Code	Elev 1 (feet)	Elev 2 (feet)	Length (feet)	C Factor	Area (ac.)	Comments
310	305	2	1161.00	1160.00	55	0.90	0.03	
305	3	6	1160.00	1126.00	630	0.58	0.89	
000		+ -	1100.00	1120.00		0.00	0.07	
		1						
		+						
		+						
210	205	2	1169.30	1138.00	70	0.35	0.05	
205	203	5	1138.00	1122.00	135	0.00	0.03	
205	2	8	1130.00	1122.00	100	0.35	0.39	
203		- 0				0.55	0.57	
		1						
4.5	40	-	1170.00	11/0 70	/ 5	0.50	0 1 5	
45	40	2	1170.00	1168.70	65	0.58	0.15	
40	35	6	1168.70	1158.00	370	0.58	0.98	1. ()
35	35	1						1 of 2
30	25	2	1169.60	1168.30	65	0.58	0.16	
25	20	6	1168.30	1158.00	270	0.58	0.72	
20	35	3	1152.00	1151.50	35			
35	35	1						2 of 2
35	15	3	1151.50	1150.00	30			
15	10	5	1150.00	1149.50	50			
15	10	8				0.35	0.29	
10	5	3	1145.50	1144.50	100			
5	1	5	1144.50	1026.00	200			
5	1	8				0.35	2.17	
		1						
		İ						
		1						
		1						

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
* CIELO - AREA V/C
* PROPOSED HYDROLOGY
 ****************
 FILE NAME: P-VC100.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:32 02/28/2011
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) =
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
    HALF- CROWN TO
                    STREET-CROSSFALL:
                                      CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
    WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
                     SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT)
NO.
    (FT)
           (FT)
                                             (FT) (FT) (FT) (n)
    =====
                                      0.020/0.020/0.020
                                      0.50
                                             1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150
 1
     18.0
              1.0
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET
      as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 45.00 TO NODE 40.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5800
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                     65.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1170.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1168.70
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                1.30
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.270
                                  Page 1
```

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```
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.63
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.15
                         0.15 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                       0.63
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 35.00 IS CODE = 62
-----
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<>>>>
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1168.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1158.00
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 370.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00
 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 1.00
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-walk flow Section = 0.0200
   **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                          2.38
   STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.28
   HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.71
   AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.34
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.94

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.85 Tc(MIN.) = 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.113
                                                      7.83
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5800
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.580
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.98 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.47 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.1 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.32 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 9.70 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.78 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.21 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 45.00 TO NODE 35.00 = 435.00 FE
                                              35.00 =
                                                            435.00 FEET.
***************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 35.00 TO NODE 35.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<< <
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.83
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.11
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.13
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE 25.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5800
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC\ II) = 0
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 65.00
                                    Page 2
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  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1169.60
  DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1168.30
  ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                 1.30
  SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.270 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.67
                           0.16 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                            0.67
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 25.00 TO NODE 20.00 IS CODE = 62
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA
 >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1168.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1158.00
  STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 270.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
  STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00
  DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 1.00
  INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
  OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
  SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
  STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
  Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150
  Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-walk Flow Section = 0.0200
    **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                            2.02
    STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
    STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26
    HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.64
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.94
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.24 TC(MIN.) = 7.23
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.440
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5800
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.580
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.72 SUBARE
                                  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.69
                             0.9
                                       PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
  END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
  DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.37
  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.01 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.18
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE 20.00 = 335.00 FEET.
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 35.00 IS CODE = 31
------
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<
  ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1152.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1151.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 35.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.76
  ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00
                                            NUMBER OF PIPES =
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.29

PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.10

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30
                                10 	ext{ Tc(MIN.)} = 7.33

30.00 	ext{ TO NODE} 	ext{ } 35.00 = 	ext{ } 370.00 	ext{ FEET.}
```

P-VC100.TXT

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****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 35.00 TO NODE 35.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
                 ______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.33
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                              6.38
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.88
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                      3.29
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                     Tc
(MIN.)
           RUNOFF
 STREAM
                              INTENSITY
                                            AREA
 NUMBER
            (CFS)
                              (INCH/HOUR)
                                           (ACRE)
                     7.83
                              6.113
                                              1.13
     1
             4.01
     2
             3.29
                     7.33
                                6.382
                                              0.88
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
         RUNOFF TC
 STREAM
                             INTENSITY
                     (MIN.)
 NUMBER
           (CFS)
                            (INCH/HOUR)
             7.03
                               6.382
                     7.33
     1
             7.16
                     7.83
                               6.113
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.16 Tc(MIN.) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.0
                                              7.83
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 45.00 TO NODE 35.00 =
                                                         435.00 FEET.
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 35.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<
                                     _____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1151.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1150.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 30.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.23
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                                       NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.16
 PIPE TRAVÈL TÍME(MIN.) = 0.04 Tc(MIN.) =
                                              7.88
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 45.00 TO NODE
                                              15.00 =
****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE 10.00 IS CODE = 52
 >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL VALLEY CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA<
       ______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1150.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1149.50
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 50.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0100 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 7.16
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 2.30 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.36 TC(MIN.) = 8.24
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 45.00 TO NODE 10.00 = 515.00 FEE
                                                         515.00 FEET.
*****************
```

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE 10.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.917
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5510
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.29 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.3 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.50
 TC(MIN.) = 8.24
****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 5.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1145.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1144.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.19
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF
                                       NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.50
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.27
                                 Tc(MIN.) = 8.51
                             45.00 TO NODE
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                                               5.00 = 615.00 \text{ FEET.}
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5.00 TO NODE 1.00 IS CODE = 52
  ______
 >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL VALLEY CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA<
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1144.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1026.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 200.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.5925
 NOTE: CHANNEL SLOPE OF .1 WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 7.50
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 7.36 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.45 TC(MIN.) = 8.96
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 45.00 TO NODE 1.00 = 815.00 FEE
                                                           815.00 FEET.
****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 5.00 TO NODE 1.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
         _____
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.605
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.4534
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.17 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.26
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 11.36
 TC(MIN.) =
                       -----
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.5 TC(MIN.) =

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 11.36
______
 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

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********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
* CIELO - AREA V/C
* PROPOSED HYDROLOGY
 *****************
 FILE NAME: P-VC200.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:21 02/28/2011
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) =
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
    HALF- CROWN TO
                    STREET-CROSSFALL:
                                     CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
    WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
                    SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT)
NO.
    (FT)
           (FT)
                                            (FT) (FT) (FT) (n)
    =====
                                     0.020/0.020/0.020
                                     0.50
                                            1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150
 1
     18.0
              1.0
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET
      as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
                      *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                    70.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1169.30
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                             1138.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                              31.30
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                      5.243
 WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN TC CALCULATION!
                                  Page 1
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  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.921
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.14
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                   0.05
                         TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                             0.14
****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 205.00 TO NODE 2.00 IS CODE = 52
 ______
 >>>>COMPUTE NATURAL VALLEY CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA<
 ______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1138.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1122.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 135.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1185
 NOTE: CHANNEL FLOW OF 1. CFS WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION NOTE: CHANNEL SLOPE OF .1 WAS ASSUMED IN VELOCITY ESTIMATION
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) =
                              0.14
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC) = 4.74 (PER LACFCD/RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL)
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.47 TC(MIN.) = 5.72
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 2.00 = 205.00 FEE
                                                205.00 FEET.
***********
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 205.00 TO NODE 2.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.491
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.39 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.02
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.15
 TC(MIN.) = 5.72
                 _____
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.15
                        0.4 \text{ TC}(MIN.) = 5.72
______
______
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
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Analysis prepared by:

FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500

```
********************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ****************
* CIELO - AREA V/C
* PROPOSED HYDROLOGY
 *****************
 FILE NAME: P-VC300.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:50 03/01/2011
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) =
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
    HALF- CROWN TO
                    STREET-CROSSFALL:
                                      CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
    WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
                     SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT)
NO.
    (FT)
           (FT)
                                             (FT) (FT) (FT) (n)
    =====
                                      0.020/0.020/0.020
                                      0.50
                                              1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150
 1
     18.0
              1.0
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET
      as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 305.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                                     55.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1161.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1160.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                                1.00
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
                                   Page 1
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  NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.22
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.03 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                                 0.22
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 3.00 IS CODE = 62
  >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
  >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1160.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1126.00
  STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 630.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
  STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00
  DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 1.00
  INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
  OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
  SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
  STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
  Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
    **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                                                    2.15
    STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
    STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25
    HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 6.25
  AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.22
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.06
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.49 TC(MIN.) = 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.168
                                                               4.68
  NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
  *USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
  USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5300
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.542
  SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.89 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                0.9
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                            4.07
  END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
  DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.55
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.79 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.43
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 3.00 = 685.00 FEET.
```

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.9 TC(MIN.) = 4.68

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.07

_____ ______

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

APPENDIX 3

Detention Basin Calculations

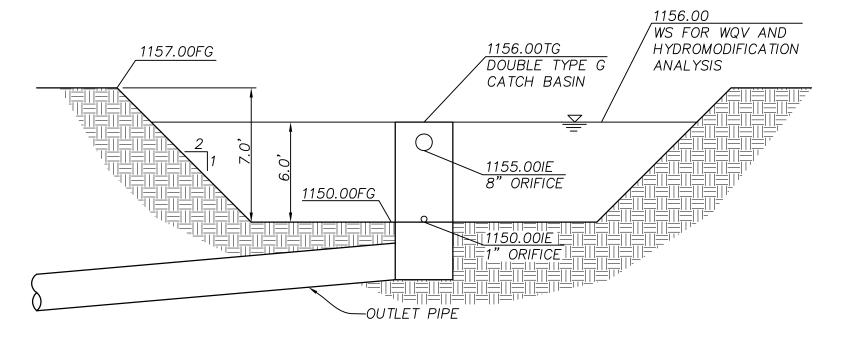
Orifice Calculations for Basin 1

Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Со	6 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.67 5.96	# of Oultets Q Row 1,37 1 0.06 1 Q total	1.37 0.06 1.44
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Со	5.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.17 5.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.69 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.69 0.06 0.75
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Со	5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 4.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.00 0.06 0.06
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Со	4.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 4.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.06 1 Q total	0.00 0.06 0.06
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Со	4 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 3.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.05 1 Q total	0.00 0.05 0.05
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Со	3.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 3.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.05 1 Q total	0.00 0.05 0.05
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Со	3 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 2.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.05 1 Q total	0.00 0.05 0.05
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Co	2.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 2.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.04 1 Q total	0.00 0.04 0.04
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Со	2 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 1.96	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.04 1 Q total	0.00 0.04 0.04
Discharge at Depth = Outlet Row O1 O2	Со	1.5 ft Ao 0.6 0.6	H 0.349 0.005	Qo 0.00 1.46	# of Oultets Q Row 0.00 1 0.03 1 Q total	0.00 0.03 0.03

Discharge at Depth =		1 ft					
Outlet Row	Co	Ao	Н	Qo	# of (Oultets Q Row	
01		0.6	0.349	0.00	0.00	1	0.00
O2		0.6	0.005	0.96	0.03	1	0.03
					Q total	al	0.03
Discharge at Depth =		0.5 ft					
Outlet Row	Со	Ao	Н	Qo	# of 0	Oultets Q Row	
01		0.6	0.349	0.00	0.00	1	0.00
O2		0.6	0.005	0.46	0.02	1	0.02
					Q total	al	0.02

Stage, Discharge & Storage Table for Basin 1

otago, Bioonargo a otorago ras	no ioi Baoiii i			
Stage	Surface Area (sf)	Storage (cf)	Storage (Af)	Q Total
0	3167	0	0.000	0.00
0.5	3443	1,653	0.038	0.02
1	3792	3,480	0.080	0.03
1.5	4080	5,435	0.125	0.03
2	4520	7,687	0.176	0.04
2.5	4840	10,009	0.230	0.04
3	5150	12,476	0.286	0.05
3.5	5480	15,132	0.347	0.05
4	5880	18,094	0.415	0.05
4.5	6240	21,166	0.486	0.06
5	6560	24,318	0.558	0.06
5.5	6930	27,767	0.637	0.75
6	7340	31,521	0.724	1.44





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IMP 1.1 OUTLET STRUCTURE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

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RUN DATE 3/1/2011 HYDROGRAPH FILE NAME Text1 TIME OF CONCENTRATION 8 MIN. 6 HOUR RAINFALL 3.1 INCHES BASIN AREA 2.31 ACRES RUNOFF COEFFICIENT 0.58 PEAK DISCHARGE 7.5 CFS

TIME /	MIN) =	Λ	DISCHARGE	(CES) _	Λ
`	MIN) =		DISCHARGE		
HIME (MIN) =	16	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
TIME (MIN) =	24	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
	MIN) =		DISCHARGE		
	MIN) =		DISCHARGE		
	MIN) =		DISCHARGE		
TIME (MIN) =	56	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
TIME (MIN) =	64	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
	MIN) =	72	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
	MIN) =	80	DISCHARGE	(CES) =	0.0
		00	DISCHARGE	(050) =	0.5
	MIN) =	88	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
TIME (MIN) =	96	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
TIME (MIN) =	104	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
`	MIN) =	112	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.4
	MIN) =	120	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.1
		120	PIOCHARGE	(CEC)	0.4
	MIN) =	128	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.4
	MIN) =	136	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.4
TIME (MIN) =	144	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.4
	MIN) =	152	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.5
	MIN) =	160	DISCHARGE	(CES) =	0.5
		100	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.5
`	MIN) =	168	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.5
TIME (MIN) =	176	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.5
TIME (MIN) =	184	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.6
TIME (MIN) =	192	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.6
	MIN) =	200	DISCHARGE	(CES) -	0.7
		200	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.7
	MIN) =	208	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.8
HIME (MIN) =	216	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	1
TIME (MIN) =	224	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	1.1
TIME (MIN) =	232	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	1.6
	MIN) =	240	DISCHARGE	(CES) -	2.8
		240	DISCHARGE	(CES) =	7.5
	MIN) =		DISCHARGE	(CF3) =	1.5
	MIN) =		DISCHARGE		
TIME (MIN) =	264	DISCHARGE		
TIME (MIN) =	272	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.7
	MIN) =		DISCHARGE		
	MIN) =		DISCHARGE		
`	MIN) =		DISCHARGE		
HME (MIN) =	304	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.4
TIME (MIN) =	312	DISCHARGE DISCHARGE DISCHARGE DISCHARGE DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.4
	MIN) =	320	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
TIME ?	MIN) =	328	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
		336	DISCHARCE	(CES) =	0.0
`	MIN) =	330	DISCHARGE	(050) =	0.3
	MIN) =	344	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
TIME (MIN) =	352	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
TIME (MIN) =	360	DISCHARGE DISCHARGE DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0.3
	MIN) =	368	DISCHARGE	(CFS) =	0
((3. 3) –	-

VC-WORKS.TXT

HYDRAULICS ELEMENTS - II PROGRAM PACKAGE STORAGE BASIN HYDROGRAPH ROUTING MODEL *************** (c) Copyright 1983-2007 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 14.0 Release Date: 06/01/2007 License ID 1355 Analysis prepared by: FUSCOE ENGINEERING - SAN DIEGO, INC. 6390 GREENWICH DRIVE, SUITE 170 SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92122 (858) 554-1500 ************************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY **************** * AREA VC CHECK TO SEE IF BASIN IS LARGE ENOUGH FOR 100 YEAR STORM * PER HYDROMOD CALCULATOR: 1" OUTLET AT 0, 8" OUTLET AT 5, WEIR AT 6' ******************* FILE NAME: VC.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:51 03/01/2011 **ENTERED INFORMATION:** TOTAL NUMBER OF INFLOW HYDROGRAPH INTERVALS = 47 CONSTANT HYDROGRAPH TIME UNIT(MINUTES) = 8.000 ASSUMED INITIAL DEPTH(FEET) IN STORAGE BASIN = 0.00 ENTERED INFLOW HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES(CFS): *INTERVAL *INTERVAL *INTERVAL FLOW FLOW FLOW * NUMBER * NUMBER * NUMBER (CFS) (CFS) (CFS) * 1: 0.00* 2: 0.20* 3: 0.30* * 0.30* 5: 0.30* 4: 6: 0.30* 7: * 0.30* 8: 0.30* 9: 0.30* 0.30* * 0.30* 12: 0.30* 10: 11: * 0.30* 0.30* 0.40* 13: 14: 15: * 0.40* 0.40* 16: 17: 18: 0.40* 0.40* 0.50* 20: 0.50* 19: 21: 0.60* 22: 0.50* 23: 0.50* 24: ÷ 0.60* 0.70* 25: 26: 27: 0.80* * 28: 1.00* 29: 1.10* 30: 1.60* * 2.80* 7.50* 31: 32: 33: 1.30* * 0.90* 0.70* 0.60* 34: 35: 36: 0.40* * 37: 0.50* 38: 0.40* 39: * 40: 0.40* 41: 0.30* 42: 0.30* 0.30* 43: 44: 0.30* 0.30* 0.30* 46: 0.00* DEPTH-VS.-STORAGE AND DEPTH-VS.-DISCHARGE INFORMATION: TOTAL NUMBER OF BASIN DEPTH INFORMATION ENTRIES = 13 OUTFLOW **BASIN-DEPTH STORAGE (CFS) ** (FEET) (ACRE-FEET) OUTFLOW * *BASIN-DEPTH STORAGE (FEET) (ACRE-FEET) (CFS) 0.000** 0.500 0.000 0.000 0.038 0.020*

```
VC-WORKS.TXT
                                0.030**
                     0.080
                                         1.500
                                                                   0.031*
          1.000
                                                        0.125
   *
          2.000
                                0.040**
                     0.176
                                                        0.230
                                             2.500
                                                                   0.041*
                                        2.500
3.500
4.500
5.500
          3.000
   *
                     0.286
                                0.050**
                                                        0.347
                                                                   0.051*
                                0.052**
                                                                   0.060*
          4.000
                     0.415
                                                        0.486
                                0.061**
                     0.558
          5.000
                                                        0.637
                    0.724
                                1.440**
          6.000
********************
   INITIAL BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 0.00
   INITIAL BASIN STORAGE(ACRE-FEET) =
                                           0.00
   INITIAL BASIN OUTFLOW(CFS) = 0.00
                                   -----
   BASIN STORAGE, OUTFLOW AND DEPTH ROUTING VALUES: INTERVAL {S-0*DT/2} {S+0*DT/2} NUMBER (ACRE-FEET) (ACRE-FEET)
                           0.00000
         1
                0.00000
         2
                0.03789
                            0.03811
                0.07983
         3
                            0.08017
         4
                0.12483
                            0.12517
         5
                0.17578
                            0.17622
                0.22977
0.28572
         6
7
                            0.23023
                            0.28628
         8
                0.34672
                           0.34728
         9
                0.41471
                           0.41529
        10
                0.48567
                            0.48633
        11
                0.55766
                            0.55834
                            0.64113
        12
                0.63287
                        0.04113
        13
               0.71607
   WHERE S=STORAGE(AF);O=OUTFLOW(AF/MIN.);DT=UNIT(MIN.)
```

UNIT-HYDROGRAPH STORAGE-BASIN ROUTING
NOTE: COMPUTED BASIN DEPTH, OUTFLOW, AND STORAGE QUANTITIES
OCCUR AT THE GIVEN TIME. BASIN INFLOW VALUES REPRESENT THE
AVERAGE INFLOW DURING THE RECENT HYDROGRAPH UNIT INTERVAL.

GRAPH NOTATION: "I"=MEAN UNIT INFLOW; "O"=OUTFLOW AT GIVEN TIME

```
TIME INFLOW OUTFLOW STORAGE
(HOURS) (CFS) (CFS) (ACRE-FT) 0. 0.13 0.00 0.00 0.000 0
                            0.00]
    [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 27 0.20 0.00
                              0.002 o
  0.27
    [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =
                            0.03]
                 0.00
                            0.005 OI
  0.\overline{40} 0.30
    [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =
                            0.07]
  0.53 0.30
                 0.00
                            0.009 OI
                            0.12]
    [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =
                 0.01
                            0.012 OI
           0.30
  0.67
    [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =
                           0.16]
                           0.015 OI
  0.80 0.30 0.01
                           0.20]
    [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =
                0.01
  0.93 0.30
                              0.018 OI
```

	VC-WORKS.TXT		
<pre>[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =</pre>	0.24]		
1.07 0.30 0.01	0.022 OI .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.28]		
1.20 0.30 0.01	0.025 OI .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.33]		
1.33 0.30 0.01	0.028 OI .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.37]		
1.47 0.30 0.02	0.031 OI .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.41]		
1.60 0.30 0.02	0.034 OI .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.45]		
1.73 0.30 0.02	0.037 OI .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.49]		
1.87 0.30 0.02	_0.040 OI .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.53]		
2.00 0.40 0.02	0.045 OI .		•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.58]		
2.13 0.40 0.02	0.049 OI .		•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.63]		
2.27 0.40 0.02	0.053 OI .		•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.68]		
2.40 0.40 0.02	0.057 OI .		•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.73]		
2.53 0.40 0.03	0.061 OI .		•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.78]		
2.67 0.50 0.03	0.066 O I .		•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.84]		
2.80 0.50 0.03	0.072 O I .		•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.90]		
2.93 0.50 0.03	0.077 O I . 0.96]		•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 3.07 0.50 0.03	0.082 O I .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1.02]		•
3.20 0.60 0.03	0.088 O I .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1.09]		•
3.33 0.60 0.03	0.095 O I .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1.16]		•
3.47 0.70 0.03	0.102 O I .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1.24]		•
3.60 0.80 0.03	0.110 O I .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1.34]	•	•
3.73 1.00 0.03	0.121 O I .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1.46]	• •	•
3.87 1.10 0.03	0.133 O I .		_
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1.58]		•
4.00 1.60 0.04	0.150 o I.		_
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	1.75]	-	-
4.13 2.80 0.04	0.181 o . I		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.04]		
4.27 7.50 0.05	0.263 0 .		Ι
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.79]		
4.40 1.30 0.05	0.276 o I .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.92]		
4.53 0.90 0.05	0.286 O I .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.00]		
4.67 0.70 0.05	0.293 O I .		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.06]		
4.80 0.60 0.05	0.299 O I .		

		VC-W	ORKS.TXT				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.11]					
4.93	0.50 0.05	0.304	O I				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.15]					
	0.40 0.05	0.308	OI		•	•	
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.18]					
	0.40 0.05	0.312	01	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.21]					
	0.40 0.05	0.316	01	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 0.05	3.24]	ОТ				
		0.318 3.27]	01	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 0.05	0.321	ОТ				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.29]	01	•	•	•	•
5.73	0.30 0.05	0.324	OT				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.31]	01	•	•	•	•
	0.30 0.05	0.327	OT	_	_	_	_
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.33]	-	-	-	-	-
	0.30 0.05	0.329	OI	_	_	_	
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.36]		-	-	-	-
6.13	0.30 0.05	0.332	OI				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.38]					
$6.\bar{2}7$	0.00 0.05	0.332	0	•	•	•	
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.37]					
	0.00 0.05	0.331	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.37]					
	0.00 0.05	0.330	0		•	•	
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.36]	_				
	0.00 0.05	0.330	0		•		٠
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.36]					
	0.00 0.05	0.329	O	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.35]	0				
	0.00 0.05 DEPTH(FEET) =	0.329 3.35]	U	•	•	•	•
7.07	0.00 0.05	0.328	0				
-	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.35]	O	•	•	•	•
	0.00 0.05	0.328	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.341	· ·	•	•	•	•
7.33	0.00 0.05	0.327	0	_	_	_	_
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.34]		-	-	-	-
7.47	0.00 0.05	0.326	0				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.33]					
7.60	0.00 0.05	0.326	0				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.33]					
7.73	0.00 0.05	0.325	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.32]					
7.87	0.00 0.05	0.325	0		•	•	
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.32]	_				
	0.00 0.05	0.324	0	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.31]					
8.13	0.00 0.05	0.324	O	•	•	•	•
_ = = _	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.31]	0				
8.27	0.00 0.05	0.323 3.30]	U	•	•	•	•
8.40	DEPTH(FEET) = 0.00 0.05	0.323	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.301	J	•	•	•	•
8.53	0.00 0.05	0.322	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.30]	9	•	•	•	•
8.67	0.00 0.05	0.321	0	_	_	_	
		3.5					-

			VC-W	ORKS.TXT				
	[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.29]					
8.	. 80	0.00 0.05	0.321	0		•		
	[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.29]					
8.	. 93	0.00 0.05	0.320	0				
	[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.28]					
9.	. 07	0.00 0.05	0.320	0				
	[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.28]					
9.	. 20	0.00 0.05	0.319	0	•	-		
	[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.27]					
9.		0.00 0.05	0.319	0				
		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.27]					
9.		0.00 0.05	0.318	0		•		
		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.26]					
9.		0.00 0.05	0.318	0				
_		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.26]					
9.		0.00 0.05	0.317	0	•	•	•	
_		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.25]	_				
9.	_	0.00 0.05	0.316	0	•	•		•
10	= -	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.25]	_				
10.		0.00 0.05	0.316	0	•	•	•	•
10		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.25]					
10.		0.00 0.05	0.315	O	•	•	•	•
10		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.24]	•				
то.		0.00 0.05	0.315	O	•	•	•	•
10		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.24]	•				
10.		0.00 0.05	0.314	O	•	-	•	•
10		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.23]	•				
10.		0.00 0.05	0.314	U	•	•	•	•
10		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.23]	^				
10.		0.00 0.05	0.313	U	•	•	•	•
10.		DEPTH(FEET) = 0.00 0.05	3.22] 0.313	0				
10.		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.22]	U	-	•	•	•
10.		0.00 0.05	0.312	0				
10.		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.21]	U	•	•	•	•
11		0.00 0.05	0.311	0				
тт.		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.21]	U	•	•	•	•
11.		0.00 0.05	0.311	0				
		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.20]	O	•	•	•	•
11.		0.00 0.05	0.310	0				
		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.20]	Ū	-	-	•	•
11.		0.00 0.05	0.310	0		_		
	ΓBASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.20]					
11.		0.00 0.05	0.309	0				
		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.19]					
11.		0.00 0.05	0.309	0				
		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.19]					
11.		0.00 0.05	0.308	0				
	[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.18]					
12.		0.00 0.05	0.308	0		•		
	[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	3.18]					
12.		0.00 0.05	0.307	0				
		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.17]					
12.	. 27	0.00 0.05	0.306	0			-	
		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.17]					
12.		0.00 0.05	0.306	0				
		DEPTH(FEET) =	3.16]					
12.	. 53	0.00 0.05	0.305	0				

	VC-WORKS.TX	Т			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.16]				
12.67 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.305 o 3.15]	•	•	•	
12.80 0.00 0.05	0.304 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.15]				
12.93 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.304 0 3.14]	•	•	•	•
13.07 0.00 0.05	0.303 o		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 13.20 0.00 0.05	3.14]				
13.20 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.303 0 3.14]	•	•	•	•
13.33 0.00 0.05	0.302 o		-		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 13.47 0.00 0.05	3.13] 0.301 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.13]	•	•	•	•
13.60 0.00 0.05	0.301 0		-	-	-
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 13.73 0.00 0.05	3.12] 0.300 o	_	_	_	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.12]	-	-	-	-
13.87 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.300 o 3.11]	•	-	-	
14.00 0.00 0.05	0.299 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.11]				
14.13 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.299 0 3.10]	•	•	•	•
14.27 0.00 0.05	0.298 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 14.40 0.00 0.05	3.10] 0.298 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.10]	•	-	•	•
14.53 0.00 0.05	0.297 0		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 14.67 0.00 0.05	3.09] 0.296 0		_	_	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.09]	•	•	•	•
14.80 0.00 0.05	0.296 0		•	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 14.93 0.00 0.05	3.08] 0.295 0		_		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.08]				
15.07 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.295 0 3.07]	•	•	•	•
15.20 0.00 0.05	0.294 0		-		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 15.33 0.00 0.05	3.07]				
15.33 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.294 0 3.06]	•	•	•	•
15.47 0.00 0.05	0.293 o		-	-	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 15.60 0.00 0.05	3.06] 0.293 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.05]	•	•	•	•
15.73 0.00 0.05	0.292 0		-	-	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 15.87 0.00 0.05	3.05] 0.292 o	_	_	_	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.05]	•	-	•	•
16.00 0.00 0.05	0.291 0		•	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 16.13 0.00 0.05	3.04] 0.290 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.04]			•	-
16.27 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.290 o 3.03]	•	•	•	•
16.40 0.00 0.05	0.289 0				

	VC-WORKS.TX	Т			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.03]				
16.53 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.289 o 3.02]	•	•	•	
16.67 0.00 0.05	0.288 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.02]				
16.80 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.288 o 3.01]	•	•	•	•
16.93 0.00 0.05	0.287 o		-	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.01] 0.287 o				
17.07 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.00]	•	•	•	•
17.20 0.00 0.05	0.286 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 17.33 0.00 0.05	3.00] 0.285 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	3.00]	•	•	•	•
17.47 0.00 0.05	0.285 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 17.60 0.00 0.05	2.99] 0.284 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.99]	•	•	-	•
17.73 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.284 o 2.98]	•	•	•	
17.87 0.00 0.05	0.283 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.98]				
18.00 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.283 o 2.97]	•	•	•	•
18.13 0.00 0.05	0.282 o		-	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.97] 0.282 o				
18.27 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.96]	•	•	•	•
$18.\overline{40}$ 0.00 0.05	0.281 0		-	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 18.53 0.00 0.05	2.96] 0.281 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.95]	•	•	•	•
18.67 0.00 0.05	0.280 0	•		•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 18.80 0.00 0.05	2.95] 0.279 o		_		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.94]	-	-	-	-
18.93 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.279 o 2.94]	•	•	•	
19.07 0.00 0.05	0.278 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.93]				
19.20 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.278 0 2.93]	•	•	•	•
19.33 0.00 0.05	0.277 o		-	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 19.47 0.00 0.05	2.92] 0.277 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.92]	•	•	•	•
19.60 0.00 0.05	0.276 0		-	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 19.73 0.00 0.05	2.91] 0.276 o	_	_	_	_
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.91]	•	•	-	•
19.87 0.00 0.05 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.275 0	•	•	•	
20.00 0.00 0.05	2.90] 0.275 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.90]				-
20.13	0.274 o 2.89]	•	•	•	•
20.27 0.00 0.05	0.274 0			•	

	VC-WORKS.TX	T			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.89]				
20.40 0.00 0.05	0.273 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.88]				
20.53 0.00 0.05	0.273 0		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.88]				
20.67 0.00 0.05	0.272 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.88]				
20.80 0.00 0.05	0.271 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 20.93 0.00 0.05	2.87] 0.271 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.87]	•	•	•	•
21.07 0.00 0.05	0.270 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.86]	•	•	•	•
21.20 0.00 0.05	0.270 0	_	_		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.86]	•	•	•	•
21.33 0.00 0.05	0.269 o	_	_		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.85]				
21.47 0.00 0.05	0.269 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.85]				
21.60 0.00 0.05	0.268 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.84]				
21.73 0.00 0.05	0.268 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.84]				
21.87 0.00 0.05	0.267 0		-		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.83]				
22.00 0.00 0.05	0.267 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.83]				
22.13 0.00 0.05	0.266 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 22.27 0.00 0.05	2.82] 0.266 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.82]	-	-	•	•
22.40 0.00 0.05	0.265 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.81]	•	•	•	•
22.53 0.00 0.05	0.265 o	_	_		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.81]	-	-	-	-
22.67 0.00 0.05	0.264 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.81]				
22.80 0.00 0.05	0.264 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.80]				
22.93 0.00 0.05	0.263 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.80]				
23.07 0.00 0.05	0.263 0		•	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.79]				
23.20 0.00 0.05	0.262 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.79]				
23.33	0.262 0	•	•	•	•
23.47 0.00 0.05	2.78] 0.261 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.78]	•	•	•	•
23.60 0.00 0.05	0.261 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.77]	•	•	•	•
23.73 0.00 0.05	0.260 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.77]	•	•	•	•
23.87 0.00 0.05	0.260 0	_	_	_	_
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.76]	-	-	-	•
24.00 0.00 0.05	0.259 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.76]				
24.13 0.00 0.05	0.259 o				

	VC-WORKS.TX	т			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.76]	•			
24.27 0.00 0.05	0.258 0				•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 24.40 0.00 0.05	2.75] 0.258 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.75]	•	•	•	•
24.53 0.00 0.05	0.257 0		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 24.67 0.00 0.05	2.74] 0.257 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.74]	•	•	•	•
24.80 0.00 0.05	0.256 0				-
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 24.93 0.00 0.05	2.73] 0.256 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.73]	•	•	•	•
25.07 0.00 0.05	0.255 o		•	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 25.20 0.00 0.04	2.72] 0.255 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.72]	•	•	•	•
25.33 0.00 0.04	0.254 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.72]				
25.47	0.254 0 2.71]	•	•	•	•
25.60 0.00 0.04	0.253 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.71]				
25.73 0.00 0.04 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.253 0 2.70]	•	•	•	•
25.87 0.00 0.04	0.252 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.70]				
26.00 0.00 0.04	0.252 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 26.13 0.00 0.04	2.69] 0.251 o	_	_	_	_
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.69]	-	-	-	_
26.27 0.00 0.04	0.251 0				•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 26.40 0.00 0.04	2.68] 0.250 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.68]	•	•	•	•
26.53 0.00 0.04	0.250 0				-
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 26.67 0.00 0.04	2.68] 0.249 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.67]	•	•	•	•
26.80 0.00 0.04	0.249 0		•	•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 26.93 0.00 0.04	2.67] 0.248 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.66]	•	•	•	•
27.07 0.00 0.04	0.248 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.66]				
27.20 0.00 0.04 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.247 0 2.65]	•	•	•	•
27.33 0.00 0.04	0.247 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.65]				
27.47 0.00 0.04 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.246 0 2.65]	•	•	•	•
27.60 0.00 0.04	0.246 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.64]				
27.73 0.00 0.04	0.245 0			•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 27.87 0.00 0.04	2.64] 0.245 0	_	_	_	_
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.63]	•	•	•	•
28.00 0.00 0.04	0.244 0				

		VC-W	ORKS.TXT				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.63]					
$28.\bar{1}3$	0.00 0.04	0.244	0				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.62]					
28.27	0.00 0.04	0.243	0				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.62]					
28.40	0.00 0.04	0.243	0				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.62]					
	0.00 0.04	0.243	0		•		
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.61]					
	0.00 0.04	0.242	0				
[BASIN	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.61]					
	0.00 0.04	0.242	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.60]					
	0.00 0.04	0.241	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.60]					
	0.00 0.04	0.241	0	•			
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.59]					
_	0.00 0.04	0.240	0	•			
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.59]					
	0.00 0.04	0.240	0		•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.59]	_				
	0.00 0.04	0.239	0	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.58]	_				
	0.00 0.04	0.239	0	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.58]	_				
	0.00 0.04	0.238	0	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.57]	_				
	0.00 0.04	0.238	O	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.57]	•				
	0.00 0.04	0.237	U	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.57]	^				
	0.00 0.04	0.237	U	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.56] 0.236	^				
	0.00 0.04		U	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.56] 0.236	^				
	0.00 0.04	2.55]	U	•	•	•	•
	DEPTH(FEET) = 0.00 0.04	0.236	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.55]	U	•	•	•	•
	0.00 0.04	0.235	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.55]	O	•	•	•	•
	0.00 0.04	0.235	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.54]	O	•	•	•	•
	0.00 0.04	0.234	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.54]	O	•	•	•	•
	0.00 0.04	0.234	0		_	_	
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.53]	Ü	•	•	•	•
	0.00 0.04	0.233	0	_	_	_	
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.53]	· ·	•	-	•	•
	0.00 0.04	0.233	0	_	_	_	_
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.52]		-	-	-	-
	0.00 0.04	0.232	0		_	_	
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.52]	-	-	-	-	-
	0.00 0.04	0.232	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.52]	-				-
	0.00 0.04	0.231	0				
	DEPTH(FEET) =	2.51]					
	0.00 0.04	0.231	0				

	VC-WORKS.TX	т			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.51]	•			
32.00 0.00 0.04	0.230 0	•	•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 32.13 0.00 0.04	2.50] 0.230 o				
32.13	2.50]	-	•	•	•
32.27 0.00 0.04	0.230 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.50]				
32.40 0.00 0.04	0.229 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 32.53 0.00 0.04	2.49] 0.229 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.49]	•	•	•	•
32.67 0.00 0.04	0.228 0		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.48]				
32.80	0.228 0 2.48]	-	•	•	•
32.93 0.00 0.04	0.227 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.48]				
33.07	0.227 0	•	•	•	•
33.20 0.00 0.04	2.47] 0.226 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.47]	•	•	•	•
33.33 0.00 0.04	0.226 0	-	•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.46]				
33.47 0.00 0.04 [BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	0.226 0 2.46]	•	•	•	•
33.60 0.00 0.04	0.225 o				
<pre>[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =</pre>	2.45]				
33.73 0.00 0.04	0.225 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 33.87 0.00 0.04	2.45] 0.224 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.45]	•	•	•	•
34.00 0.00 0.04	0.224 0		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.44] 0.223 O				
34.13	2.44]	-	•	•	•
34.27 0.00 0.04	0.223 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.43]				
34.40 0.00 0.04	0.222 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 34.53 0.00 0.04	2.43] 0.222 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.43]	•	•	•	•
34.67 0.00 0.04	0.221 0	-	•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.42]				
34.80	0.221 0 2.42]	•	•	•	•
34.93 0.00 0.04	0.221 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.41]				
35.07 0.00 0.04	0.220 0	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 35.20 0.00 0.04	2.41] 0.220 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.40]	•	•	•	•
35.33 0.00 0.04	0.219 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.40]				
35.47	0.219 0 2.40]	•	•	•	•
35.60 0.00 0.04	0.218 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.39]	=	=	-	-
35.73 0.00 0.04	0.218 0	•	•		•

	VC-WORKS.TX	т			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.39]				
35.87 0.00 0.04	0.217 0	•	•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 36.00 0.00 0.04	2.38] 0.217 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.38]	•	•	•	•
36.13 0.00 0.04	0.217 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.38]				
36.27	0.216 0 2.37]	•	•	•	•
36.40 0.00 0.04	0.216 0	_	<u>-</u>		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.37]	-	-	-	-
36.53 0.00 0.04	0.215 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 36.67 0.00 0.04	2.36] 0.215 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.36]	•	•	•	•
36.80 0.00 0.04	0.214 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.35]				
36.93	0.214 0 2.35]	•	•	•	•
37.07 0.00 0.04	0.213 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.35]	•	•	•	•
37.20 0.00 0.04	0.213 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 37.33 0.00 0.04	2.34] 0.212 o				
37.33	2.34]	•	•	•	•
37.47 0.00 0.04	0.212 0		•		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.33]				
37.60 0.00 0.04	0.212 0 2.33]	•	•	•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 37.73 0.00 0.04	0.211 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.33]	•	•	•	•
37.87 0.00 0.04	0.211 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.32] 0.210 o				
38.00	2.32]	•	•	•	•
38.13 0.00 0.04	0.210 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.31]				
38.27 0.00 0.04	0.209 0	•		•	•
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 38.40 0.00 0.04	2.31] 0.209 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.30]	•	•	•	•
38.53 0.00 0.04	0.208 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.30]				
38.67	0.208 0 2.30]	•	•	•	•
38.80 0.00 0.04	0.208 0	_	<u>-</u>		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.29]				
38.93 0.00 0.04	0.207 0			•	
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) = 39.07 0.00 0.04	2.29] 0.207 o				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.28]	•	•	•	•
39.20 0.00 0.04	0.206 0				
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.28]				
39.33	0.206 0 2.28]	•	•	•	•
39.47 0.00 0.04	0.205 0		-		_
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.27]	-	-	-	•
39.60 0.00 0.04	0.205 o	•			

	VC-WORKS.T	TXT		
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.27]			
39.73 0.00 0.04	0.204 o			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.26]			
39.87 0.00 0.04	0.204 o			
[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =	2.26]			
40.00 0.00 0.04	0.204 o			
<pre>[BASIN DEPTH(FEET) =</pre>	2.25]			

